what is an apparatus?

Fire and Life Safety Activities

Test Your Fire Safety Knowledge
EVERY SECOND COUNTS: PLAN TWO WAYS OUT!

MESSAGE FROM THE HAWAII STATE FIRE COUNCIL (SFC)

Aloha! The SFC, which is comprised of the four county Fire Chiefs, is pleased to announce the 32nd edition of the Fire Fighter’s Safety Guide (FFSG).

This year’s FFSG promotes the National Fire Protection Association’s (NFPA) 2017 FPW theme, “Every Second Counts: Plan Two Ways Out.”

According to the NFPA, it is important for families to have a fire escape plan and at least two ways out of every room in their home. To do this, draw a map of your home with all members of your household, marking two exits from each room and a path to the outside from each exit. The NFPA emphasizes the need to continue planning and practicing home fire drills twice a year. Conduct one at night and one during the day with everyone in your home, and practice using different ways out. Teach your children how to escape on their own in case you can’t help them. Make sure the number of your home is clearly marked and easy for the fire department to find. Close the doors behind you as you leave, as this may slow the spread of smoke, heat, and fire. Once you are out, stay out! Never go back into a burning building.

The FFSG is distributed to elementary school students statewide through a collaboration of Hawaii’s four county fire departments. This effort is unique to Hawaii and contributes toward our state having among the lowest rates of fire deaths and injuries in the nation.

The FFSG was designed with the entire family in mind. Please complete the activities and lessons with your child. This will help prepare for emergencies through prevention and planning. The completed activities should be returned to your child’s teacher.

Mahalo for your participation.
Aloha Junior Fire Fighter,

As Hawaii’s fire fighter safety mascot, I invite you to join me in sharing the fire prevention and safety messages from this year’s FFSG with your family and friends.

I urge you and your family to review and practice your family fire escape plan twice a year and incorporate your smoke alarm test into an evacuation drill. It is a great way to spend time with your loved ones while practicing two very important fire safety lessons.

Did you know that fire departments have a variety of apparatuses they use to respond to different emergencies? A fire apparatus is any type of vehicle used by fire fighters. There are different types of trucks, specialty vehicles, helicopters, and watercrafts. Learn about the different types of apparatuses that are highlighted throughout this guide.

Remember to practice fire safety every day!

– Poki –

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AN AUXILIARY VEHICLE may serve as command posts for large emergencies or as a support vehicle to transport equipment and supplies.
Smoke Alarms and Smoke Sprinklers

Smoke alarms are essential in every home to detect a fire. Both save lives.

Smoke spreads fast and working smoke alarms allow you time to escape if there is a fire in your home. If you hear a smoke alarm, get out and stay out using your home escape plan.

Your home should have smoke alarms in every bedroom, outside each separate sleeping area, and on every level of your home, including the basement.

If you hear a single beep or a chirping sound from a smoke alarm, tell your parents. That sound means that the battery must be changed.

Test your smoke alarm every month.

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HFD Apparatus Timeline

1850 1860 1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920 1930

1853 Hand-drawn Wagon
1893 Horse and Wagon Steamer
1915 Seagrave Model K Tractor
1912 First Motorized Seagrave Apparatus
1924 Seagrave Pumper
A fire sprinkler’s job is to extinguish and suppress the fire before fire fighters arrive, minimizing the damage.

Fire sprinklers are the first line of defense against fires!

It is like having a fire fighter in your home 24/7.

Fire sprinklers activate independently; only the fire sprinkler closest to the fire will activate.

Answers found at www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg
STAY LOW AND GO
If you see or smell smoke or hear a smoke alarm, STAY LOW AND GO!! When you stay low to the ground and crawl, you can see and breathe better.

GET OUT, STAY OUT!
Once outside, do NOT go back in for anything.
Use the grid below to draw a map of your home showing all doors and windows. Use arrows to show your escape routes. Show at least two ways out of every room. Include an outside meeting place (like a tree, light pole, or mailbox) a safe distance from your home where everyone can meet. Mark all of the smoke alarms with a circle. Smoke alarms should be in every bedroom, outside each sleeping area, and on every level of your home.

ENGINE
The fire engine is the most common apparatus in the fire department. The engine is sometimes called a pumper because it pumps water from its water tank or a fire hydrant.

Practice your escape plan at least twice a year by having a family fire drill. You can even have a drill at night so you know how to get out safely in the dark.

Every Second Counts:
Plan Two Ways Out!
Every home should have at least one fire extinguisher for an adult to use. Keep the fire extinguisher where it can be seen and reached easily. To use a fire extinguisher, remember **P-A-S-S**.

- **P**ull the pin.
- **A**im at the base of the fire.
- **S**queeze the handles on top.
- **S**weep the nozzle slowly from side to side until the flames are extinguished.

**ACTIVITY**

Mark the box that shows the best place to aim your fire extinguisher.

**TANKER** The tanker delivers water to an emergency and carries approximately 2,000 gallons of water. A tanker is important when there are no fire hydrants nearby.

Answers found at www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg
The hazardous materials (hazmat) apparatus is equipped for chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and explosive-related incidents. Response teams are trained extensively in the technical knowledge and skills required for these delicate missions. Sometimes the fire fighters have to wear chemical-proof, air-tight protective gear.
LADDER The main characteristic of a ladder apparatus is the turntable-mounted aerial ladder. This ladder can reach up to 100 feet. A tillerman is the driver that steers the rear wheels at the end of the ladder apparatus. An operator can move the ladder up and down or from left to right.

Responding to an Emergency

Match the Apparatus to the Emergency

Engine

Tower

Boat

Helicopter

ACTIVITY

Answers found at www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg
**TOWER** The tower apparatus has an elevated platform attached to the top of the ladder. Fire fighters can operate the placement of the platform from the top of the platform.

Answers found at www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg
Rules of the Road

If the emergency vehicle is directly behind your vehicle when you are in heavy traffic, keep moving slowly until you can get out of the way.

Move your vehicle out of the path of the emergency vehicle, toward the edge of the road and stop.

Determine where the emergency vehicle is coming from.

Reduce your speed.

ACTIVITY
MAZE

QUINT Quint is short for quintuple combination pumper because these apparatuses have five functions. A quint provides a pump, a water tank, a fire hose, an aerial device, and ground ladders. This apparatus is an engine and ladder truck combined.

Answers found at www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg
**Hiking**

- **H**ave a plan.
- **I**nform someone of where you are going and when you plan to return.
- **K**eep a flashlight and a whistle with you.
- **E**at well, stay hydrated; carry plenty of water.
- **S**tay on the trail.
- **A**sk for help.
- **F**amiliarize yourself with the area; use a map.
- **E**xpect changes in the weather.

**Ocean**

- **S**tay away from dangerous coastlines.
- **A**lways be aware of your surroundings. Never turn your back to the ocean.
- **F**ollow hazard warning signs and lifeguard instructions for your safety.
- **E**veryone should use sunblock and stay hydrated.

**Search and Rescue + Boat**
The search and rescue apparatus may be seen towing its rescue boat. The team is trained to use specialized equipment to rescue people in difficult places like mountain, high-angle, or confined space rescues and vehicle accidents. The rescue boat is used for ocean rescues and marine vessel fires. Some fire stations also have personal watercrafts with a rescue sled to assist with near-shore rescues.
The helicopter is dispatched to provide air support for rescue missions and wildland fires. To rescue people from mountainous terrain or the ocean, the crew may lower rescue personnel from the helicopter. They respond to emergencies from the mountain to the sea, up to three miles offshore. For wildland fires in mountainous areas, a light-weight, collapsible container is attached for water drops.
Find some of the tools and equipment on apparatuses.
Be sure to check left, right, up, and down.

ACTIVITY
Word Search

AXES NOZZLES HOSES TOOLBOX EXTINGUISHER
LADDERS RADIOS MAP SIREN LIGHTS

Answers found at www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg
DON'T STALL, CALL 911!

When there is an emergency, **don't stall, call 911**, and give the operator your information. If there is a fire in your house, **DO NOT** call from your home. **Get out and stay out!** Go to your family's safe meeting place.

**WHO**
Give the operator your **first** and **last name**.

**WHAT**
Explain what is wrong and what **type of help** you need.

**WHERE**
Know your **full address** or **location**.

Don’t hang up until the operator says you can.

**ACTIVITY**

Write your address

Write down your emergency information and put it somewhere easy to find like on the refrigerator. Practice remembering important information like your full name and home address.

Practice your home escape plan ☑ during the day and ☑ at night.
Junior Fire Fighter Pledge

I, ________________________________ (print name), will be a responsible Junior Fire Fighter and practice what I learned in this Fire Fighter’s Safety Guide with my family.

________________________________________
Junior Fire Fighter’s Signature

Parent Checklist

☐ I reviewed this Fire Fighter’s Safety Guide with my child by going to www.honolulu.gov/hfd/ffsg.

☐ We completed all activities in the guide as a family.

☐ I completed the online survey at https:// surveymonkey.com/r/hawaiifiresafety

________________________________________
Parent Signature

Mahalo to our partners!

Bay View Mini-Putt and Zipline
Big City Diner
Bishop Museum
Cafe 100
Dole Plantation
Honolulu Zoo (Department of Enterprise Services)
Jack In the Box®
Jamba Juice
Kauai Kookie
Krispy Krème
Maui Ocean Center
McDonald’s® Restaurants of Hawaii
Menehune Water Co.
Pizza Hut®, TD Food Group Inc.
7-Eleven® Hawaii Inc.
Taco Bell
Waikiki Aquarium
Waikiki Beach Marriott Resort & Spa